

# UNITED STATES REPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office

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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKE	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
		7	EXAMINER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

## Office Action Summary

Application No.

Applicant(s)

09/494,585

35

SHIMKETS et al.

Examine

Christine Saoud

Art Unit 1647

	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
eriod for	OR REPLY  DRIENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET	T TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM
Exten aft of the be of NO co Failur	isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Corer SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day considered timely, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory minurication, received by the Office later than three months after the service of the servi	CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed cation.  Is, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). The mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
ea	rined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	
Status 1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	
		ction is non-final.
2a)		except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is
Disposi	ition of Claims	io/org pending in the application.
4) X	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u>	is/are pending in the application.
	4a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5	Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
6:	Claim(s)	is/are rejected.
71	Claim(s)	is/are objected to:
8) <b>X</b>	Claims 1-27	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
-	ation Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
9)	The drawing(s) filed on is/s	are objected to by the Examiner.
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner.  The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved.	
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.
12)		
13)	y under 35 U.S.C. § 119  Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some* c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
a)	a series of the priority documents	have been received.
	2 Cartified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application No
	Certified copies of the priority documents of the certified copies of the priorit application from the International B See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the priority documents.  See the attached copies of the priority documents of the priority documents.	y documents have been received in this National Stage ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for dome	stic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a sizual sizual	
Attach	hment(s)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).
15:	Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	C. Command Persont Application (PTO: 152)
16:	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	20) Other
1.7	Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restriction

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 1-10, 14, 19-21 drawn to polynucleotides, vectors, host cells and methods of making a polypeptide, classified in class 435, subclass 69.4, for example.
  - II. Claims 11-12, 19-21, drawn to a polypeptide, classified in class 530, subclass 399, for example.
  - III. Claims 13 and 19-21, drawn to an antibody to a polypeptide, classified in class 530, subclass 387.1, for example.
  - IV. Claim 15, drawn to a method of detecting the polypeptide, classified in class 436, subclass 501, for example.
  - V. Claim 16, drawn to a method of detecting DNA, classified in class 536, subclass 24.3, for example.
  - VI. Claim 17, drawn to a method of modulating an activity of a polypeptide, classified in class 435, subclass 4, for example.
  - VII. Claim 18, drawn to a method of treating or preventing a disorder by administration of a nucleic acid, classified in class 514, subclass 44, for example.
  - VIII. Claims 18 and 26, drawn to a method of treating or preventing a disorder by administration of a polypeptide, classified in class 514, subclass 2, for example.
  - IX. Claims 18 and 27, drawn to a method of treating or preventing a disorder by administration of an antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 130.1, for example.
  - X. Claims 22-23, drawn to a method of identifying a compound which modulates the activity of a polypeptide, class undeterminable, subclass undeterminable.
  - XI. Claim 24, drawn to a method of determining the presence of or predisposition to a disease associated with altered levels of a polypeptide, classified in class 436, subclass 501, for example.

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XII. Claim 25, drawn to a method of determining the presence of or predisposition to a disease associated with altered levels of a nucleic acid, classified in class 435, subclass 6, for example.

- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:
- 3. Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polynucleotides of Group I could be used in an entirely different method, such as in a method of detection of the polynucleotide in a sample, rather than in a method of making the polypeptide.
- 4. Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polypeptide of Group II could be used for an entirely different purpose such as in the method of Group VIII, rather than for the production of antibodies of Group III.
- 5. Inventions I-III are also are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together, or they have different modes of operation, or

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they have different functions, or they have different effects. (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are directed to chemically different compounds which can be made and used without each other. Furthermore, the inventions of Groups I-III lack a common utility which is based upon a common special technical feature which is disclosed as being responsible for the common utility.

- 6. Inventions I and (V. VII, XII) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the nucleic acid of Group I could be used in an entirely different manner, such as in a method of recombinant production of the polypeptide rather than in the methods of Groups V, VII, or XII.
- 7. Inventions I and (IV, VI, VII-XI) are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions the nucleic acids of Group I are not required for any of the methods of Groups IV, VI, VII-XI.
- 8. Inventions II and (VIII, X) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP)

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§ 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polypeptides of Group II could be used in an entirely different manner, such as in a method of making antibodies rather than in the methods of Groups VIII or X.

- 9. Inventions II and (IV-VII, IX, XI-XII) are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions the polypeptides of Group II are not required for any of the methods of Groups (IV-VII, IX, XI-XII).
- Inventions III and (V-VIII, X, XII) are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together, or they have different modes of operation, or they have different functions, or they have different effects. (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not required one for the other in that the antibody of Group III are not required for the methods of Groups (V-VIII, X, XII).
- Inventions III and (IV, IX, XI) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the antibodies of Group III could be used in an entirely different manner, such as in the purification of the polypeptide rather than in the methods of Group (IV, IX, XI).

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- 12. Inventions IV-XII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together, or they have different modes of operation, or they have different functions, or they have different effects. (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are directed to methods which have different method steps. starting materials and goals.
- Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a 13. separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and the necessity for noncoextensive literature searches, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the 14. inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christine Saoud, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (703) 305-7519. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 7AM to 3PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Kunz, can be reached on (703) 308-4623.

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Certain papers related to this application may be submitted to Technology Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technology Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1 (CM1). The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette. 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993) and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (see 37 C.F.R. § 1.6(d)). NOTE: If Applicant *does* submit a paper by fax, the original signed copy should be retained by Applicant or Applicant's representative. NO DUPLICATE COPIES SHOULD BE SUBMITTED so as to avoid the processing of duplicate papers.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (703) 308-4556. If this number is out of service, please call the Group receptionist for an alternate number. Faxed draft or informal communications with the examiner should be directed to (703) 308-0294. Official papers should NOT be faxed to 308-0294.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

September 13, 2000

CHRISTINE J. SAOUD PRIMARY EXAMINER